FAST-DRYING . Non-Staining Odor



17-19219

Ants[§], ticks (including ticks that may transmit Lyme disease), crickets, fleas and earwigs: For treatment of infestation of these insects in areas where there are weeds or bushy non-crop areas, spray infested areas thoroughly. When treating for ticks, give special attention to areas frequented by pets. For ants, thoroughly wet hills and runways. Fleas, ticks, carpenter ants, harvester ants, pharaoh ants and fire ants must be sprayed directly to be killed.

§Argentine, southern, field, Allegheny mound, Florida carpenter, black carpenter, cornfield, honey, pavement, nuisance, harvester

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage: Store in cool, dry area away from heat or open flame and in an area inaccessible to children and pets. Keep from freezing.

Pesticide Disposal: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.



HOME INSECT CONTROL



WHAT IT DOES:

Kills carpenter ants, ants, Asian beetles, cockroaches, fleas, ticks, spiders, crickets, earwigs, scorpions and silverfish indoors on non-porous surfaces as a spot treatment or crack ft crevice application unless otherwise specified in the Directions For Use

WHERE TO USE:

RESEALABLE LABEL • PEEL HERE

Residential use according to label directions

QUESTIONS & COMMENTS:

Call 1-800-917-5438 or visit our website at www.spectracide.com

GUARANTEED RESULTS OR YOUR MONEY BACK

If you are not satisfied with this product for any reason, send your written request for a refund to the address below, together with the original dated store receipt showing the price you paid. Please allow 6-8 weeks for processing.

NOTICE: To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

and Crack & Crevice Application

STOP. READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USE.

PROOF OF PURCHASE

FPO UPC 0 71121 97230 9

For direct spray	kills claims	on non-porous	surfaces only.

Crickets, grasshoppers and

(Order: Orthoptera)

katydids

Ants and sawfiles (Order: Hymenoptera)	Ants (Texas leafoutting, Florida carpenter, Hercules, western carpenter, red carpenter, black carpenter, acrobat, pyramia Allegheny mound, field, formica, conflield, smaller yellow, larger yellow, Lasius (black garden), Argentine, tittle black in black turn, pharaoh, nuisance, home, European fire, etwany crazy, crazy, big-header, det harvester, western harvester, harvester, native fire, etwal imported fire, titief, black imported fire southern fire, ghost, odorous house, white-footed, red pavement); sawfiles (chokecherry, European apple, elm leafminer, dogwood, blackberry leafminer, jumiper, arborvitae, raspberry, currant, willow, pine, pinyon, blackheaded pine, redheaded pine, writte pine, European pine, Swaline jack pine, hemlock, hollyhock, plum wetspinning, cherry wetspinning, blackberry, peach, poplar leaffoalding, yellowheaded spruce, willow redgall, lach, California pear, columbine, mountain-ash, hawthorn leafminer, blackheaded ash, brownheaded ash, giant birch, bull pine)
Assassin bugs, chinch bugs, cicadas, leaf-footed bugs, whiteffies and other true bugs (Order: Hemiptera)	Assassin bugs (spined, leafhopper, bee hunter, ambush bug); boxelder bugs; western boxelder bugs; chinch bugs (southern, common, hair), buffalograss, false, northern false); cleadas (severiteen-year, thirdeen-year, Okanagana, Dutham's, amuell; leae bugs (anpulae tinged, ack, hackbern, sysamore, hawthorn, distinut, walnut, chrysanthemum, birch, elm, eggplant, basswood, azalea, rhododendron, andromeda, lantana); leaf-footed bugs (western, eastern, opuntla bug, coreid bug, pine's seed bug, western confiler seed bug; small milkweed bugs; saterier small milkweed bugs; there larged bugs; milker pirate bugs; goldernain tree bugs, spotted lantermilies; hibiscus bugs; harlequin bugs, spined soldier bugs; squash bug; horned squash bug; stink bugs (green, rough, thier, conchuela Say's, consperse, brown, one-spotted, southern green, thu ospotled, ref-bouldeerly, whitelines (clinus blackfly, giant, woolly, iris, silverleaf, sweet potato, rhododendron, citrus, azalea, ash, mulberry, banded-winged, greenhouse)
Crane flies, houseflies and other non-bling flies, non-bling grats, non-bling midges and mosquitoss (Order: Digitera)	Houseflies; crane flies (March, European); non-biting flies (black-tailed bee fly, onion maggot, bean seed maggot, raids not maggot, sean seed maggot, raids not maggot, sean seed maggot, cabis not maggot, sean seed maggot, provided in the search of the search s

angle-wing, broadwinged, greater arid-land, common conehead, true, fork-tailed bush)

Reetles Collops beetles; ground beetles; caterpillar hunters; ladybeetles (two-spotted, twice-stabbed, nine-spotted, (Order: Coleontera) sevenspotted, squash, Mexican bean, multicolored Asian, convergent, thirteenspotted, signate, ashy gray, spider mite destroyer): longhorn beetles (blackhorned pine borer, blackhorned juniper borer, ponderous borer, mesquite borer, painted hickory borer, locust borer, cactus longhorn, longhorn cactus, cactus borer, spotted pine sawyer, whitespotted sawver, nine sawver, southern nine sawver, redheaded ash borer, banded ash borer, Vogt's spine-rumped bycid. raspberry cane borer, poplar twig borer, oak sprout oberea, azalea stem borer, sumac stem borer, sassafras borer dogwood twig borer, twig girdler, aberrant wood borer, eucalyptus borer, cottonwood borer, California prionus, tilehomed prionus, broadnecked root borer, giant root borer, poplar borer, roundheaded appletree borer, poplar-gall saperda, linden borer, alder borer, oak twig pruner, twig pruner); rain beetles; rove beetles; scarab beetles (dung, black fairway, black turforass ataenius, green rose chafer, figeater, green June, northern masked chafer, western masked chafer, southern masked chafer, southwestern masked chafer, bumble flower, Kern's flower, Dark flower, oriental, grapevine hoplia. carrot, rose chafer, western rose chafer, Asiatic garden, white grub [exposed], June, May, variegated June, ten-lined June, Hammond's lined June, variegated lined June, Japanese, European chafer, false Japanese); weevils (grape cane girdler, grape cane gallmaker, pepper, cherry curculio, apple curculio, strawberry bud, hollyhock, Fuller rose, two-banded Japanese, hickory shoot curculio, hickory nut curculio, plum curculio, pecan shoot curculio, black walnut curculio, grape curculio, poplar and willow borer, pecan, large chestnut, hazelnut, filbert, small chestnut, acom and nut. sweet potato, sunflower stem. Asiatic oak, southern pine, mountain pine, spruce, black turpentine, red turpentine. diaprepes root, gray, sunflower headclipping, Criddle's bark, pales, native elm bark, small southern pine engrayer, six-spined engraver, pinyon ips, spruce ips, pine engraver, ips, vegetable, carrot, rose curculio, whitefringed, woods, vellow poplar, strawberry root, rough strawberry root, clay-colored, black vine, pitcheating, cedar bark, arboryitae, European snout, northern pine, eastern pine, white pine, polydrusus, oak bark, apple flea, willow flea, palmetto, obscure root, smaller European elm bark, hickory bark, shothole borer, banded elm bark, agave, vucca, red sunflower, grav sunflower, Rocky Mountain billbug, little billbug, bluegrass billbug, Phoenix billbug, hunting billbug, common pine shoot. notato stalk horer black twin horer Asian ambrosia, black stem horer) Cockroaches (American (palmetto bug), German, Oriental (water bug)); termites ((Reticulitermes flavipes) This product kills termites on a surface when sprayed directly. This product does not provide structural protection from termites nor does it provide termite abatement or control against an active, subterranean

Cockroaches and termites

(Order: Blattodea)

Crickets (house, Mormon, common short-tailed, Indies short-tailed, spotted camel, greenhouse camel, tropical, sand field, southern wood, variable field, fall field, southeastern field, Texas field, spring field, northern wood, vocal field, western striped, eastern striped, northern mole, two-spotted tree, snowy tree, blackhorned tree, narrowwinged tree, red-headed bush, shortwinged mole, southern mole, tawny mole, Jerusalem, dark Jerusalem, square-legged camely: grasshoppers (western lubber, clearwinged, painted, Carolina, twostriped, differential, redlegged, spur-throated, migratory, southeastern lubber, eastern lubber, mischievous bird, horse lubber); katydids (eastern shieldback, lesser

colony where workers are hidden in tunnels, behind walls and other inaccessible locations.) Caterpillars (elder shoot borer, garden webworm, poplar carpenterworm, aspen carpenterworm, leaf crumpler, pecan Caterpillars, cutworms and moths leaf casebearer, pecan nut casebearer, destructive prune worm, cranberry fruitworm, lesser vagabond crambus. vagabond crambus, fall cankerworm, eightspotted forester, pyramidal fruitworm, navel orangeworm, celery looper, (Order: Lepidoptera) peach twig borer, orangestriped oakworm, spiny oakworm, okra, garden bagworm, uglynest, oak webworm, cotoneaster webworm, allanthus webworm, plantain looper, alfalfa looper, Florida fern, spruce bud worm, sugar pine tortrix, western spruce budworm, iack pine budworm, cranberry girdler, hickory homed devil, poplar tentmaker, larch casebearer, pecan cigar casebearer, pistol casebearer, cigar casebearer, elm casebearer, alfalfa, barbeny looper, pecan carpenterworm, corn root webworm, Leach's crambus, vellow crambus, silver-striped webworm, silver-barred webworm, hickory shuckworm, filbertworm, oleander moth larvae, walnut, azalea, vellownecked, melonworm, pickleworm, southwestern corn borer, juniper webworm, blister coneworm, fir coneworm, southern pine coneworm, webbing coneworm, pinyon pitch mass borer, spruce coneworm, greenstriped mapleworm, locust twig borer, spotted

Caterpillars, cutworms and moths (Order: Lepidoptera) (continued) oleander, elm spanworm, linden looper, butternut woollvworm, saltmarsh, limabean ood borer, eastern pineshoot borer. western pineshoot borer, American plum borer, purplebacked cabbageworm, cross-striped cabbageworm, Tussock moth larvae, striped sod webworm, cherry fruitworm, lesser appleworm, cottonwood twig borer, corn earworm, tobacco budworm, cabbage webworm, tropical sod webworm, saddled prominent, variable oakleaf, fourlined fruitworm, mimosa webworm, hop vine borer, potato stem borer, green cloverworm, fall webworm, currant spanworm, tomato pinworm. hemlock looper, eastern pine looper, oak looper, green fruitworm, vellowstriped fruitworm, alfalfa webworm, beet webworm, iris borer, eastern tent, western tent, Pacific tent, forest tent, southwestern tent, Sonoran tent, bertha armyworm, tobacco hornworm, puss, zebra, blue cactus borer, squash vine borer, elegant sod webworm. striped grassworm looper, strawberry crownminer, true armyworm, filament bearer, homed spanworm, mesquite stinger, spiny elm, barberry webworm, Bruce spanworm, speckled green fruitworm, European com borer, American lotus borer, spring cankerworm, stalk borer, maple leafcutter, cottonwood clearwing borer, red oak clearwing borer, stinging rose, bluegrass webworm, western sod webworm, larger sod webworm, raspberry crown borer, California gakworm, tufted apple budworm, pine webworm, ash/lilac borer, carpenterworm, maple twig borer, boxelder twig borer, soybean looper. blackheaded fireworm, omnivorous looper, persimmon borer, redhumped, morning glory prominent, unicorn. saddleback, yellow woollybear, southern armyworm, beet armyworm, fall armyworm, yellowstriped armyworm, western vellowstriped armyworm, cotton square borer, redhumped oakworm, orangehumped mapleworm, strawberry crown borer, peach tree borer, lesser peachtree borer, pitch mass borer, apple bark borer, sycamore borer, rhododendron borer, dogwood borer, currant borer, viburnum clearwing borer, waterlijv leaf cutter, oleander, woolly grass-veneer, bagworm. holly looper, cabbage looper, false celery leaftier, celery leaftier, greenhouse leaftier, genista, grape root borer): cutworms (black, granulate, clover, glassy, green, army, darksided, redbacked, dingy, western bean, bronzed. variegated, spotted): moths (walnut shoot, American dagger, poplar dagger, cottonwood dagger, luna, pink-spotted) hawk, Virginiacreeper clearwing, polyphemus, pine tube, jack pine tube, jo, promethea, liatris borer, aster borer, elm sphinx, catalog sphinx, banded sunflower, pandora, walnut sphinx, pea, codling, Virginia creeper sphinx, pine tussock. variable tussock, pinyon tip, Zimmerman pine, imperial, grape berry, maple tip, achemon sphinx, juniper tip, oriental fruit, pale tussock, snowberry clearwing, hummingbird clearwing, New England buck, eastern buck, Nevada buck, sunflower, cecropia, whitelined sphinx, satin, silverspotted tiger, hickory tussock, sycamore lussock, Asian gypsy, gypsy, five-spotted hawk, while flannel. China mark, douglas-fir tussock, rusty tussock, whitemarked tussock, western tussock, big poplar sphinx, oak clearwing, western poplar clearwing, ceanothus stem gall, juniper twig girdler, northern pitch twig, hag, snandragon plume, artichoke plume, diamondback, banded ash clearwing, Isabella, pinyon pitch nodulemaker, ponderosa pine tip, spear-marked black, Nantucket pine tip, Adana tip, European pine shoot, western pine tip, southwestern pine tip, homet moth, American homet moth, one-eved sphinx, twinspot sphinx, great ash sphinx. evesnotted bud, douglas-fir pitch, seguoia pitch, western lawn, Spanish, leopard)

Earwigs (Order: Dermaptera) Earwigs (maritime, spine-tailed, ringlegged, European, striped)

Spiders (Order: Araneae) Garden spiders (silver, black and yellow, Florida, banded, rabid); lynx spiders (striped, western, green); micrathena spiders (spined, white, arrowhead); roly-poly hunter spiders, wolf spiders; black widow spiders; crab spiders; golden silk spiders; bold jumper spiders; zerba jumper spiders; barn funnel weaver spiders; orbweaver spiders (barn, cross, plains, marbled, lattice, sharmock, spinylacked)

Ticks (Order: Ixodida)	Ticks (dog, deer (blacklegged), lonestar)
Scorpions (Order: Scorpiones)	Scorpions
Fleas (Order: Siphonaptera)	Fleas
Centipedes (Order: Scolopendromorpha; Order: Scutigeromorpha)	Centipedes
Isopods (Order: Isopoda)	Pillbugs; sowbugs

STOP. READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USE.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION. Harmful if swallowed. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

First Aid If Swallowed:

- Call a Poison Control Center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a Poison Control Center or doctor.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor or going for treatment.

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish and other aquatic organisms. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. **RESTRICTIONS**

For use around the home only. **Do not use on pets.**

Do not allow people or pets to enter treated areas until after spray has dried.

- Do not water the treated area to the point of runoff.
- Do not make applications during rain.
- All outdoor applications must be limited to spot or crack-and-crevice treatments only, except for the following permitted uses:
- 1. Treatment to soil or vegetation around structures
- 2. Applications to lawns, turf and other vegetation
- 3. Applications to building foundations, up to a maximum height of 3 ft. Other than applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to impervious surfaces such as sidewalks, driveways, patios, porches and structural surfaces (such as windows, doors and eaves) are limited to spot and crack-and-crevice applications only.
- Application is prohibited directly into sewers or drains, or to any area like a gutter where
 drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow
 the product to enter any drain during or after application.

HOW TO USE

- 1. Shake well before each use.
- Adjust nozzle to narrow fan spray to prevent excessive wetting and waste of product. Spray just enough to cover area to be treated.
- Do not contaminate food, feedstuffs and domestic water supplies. Cover all food-processing surfaces and utensils during treatment or thoroughly wash before use. Remove pets and birds and cover fish aquariums before spraying.

INDOORS

As a spot or crack-and-crevice treatment to kill **cockroaches**, **palmetto bugs**, **ants**§, **spider mites**, **crickets**, **beetles**, **houseflies and other non-biting flies**, fleas, firebrats, water **bugs**, silverfish, earwigs, box elder bugs, centipedes, millipedes, stink bugs, pillbugs, **sowbugs**, **ticks**, **scorpions and spiders**, directly spray insects from a distance of 8-12 inches.

To control* ("for up to 12 months indoors on non-porous surfaces) cockroaches, palmetto bugs, ants** (**excluding pharaoh ants and fire ants), beetles, crickets, firebrats, water bugs, silverfish, box elder bugs, and spiders, spray areas where they are found or normally occur, including dark corners of rooms and closets; cracks and crevices in walls; along and behind baseboards; beneath and behind sinks, stoves, refrigerators and cabinets; and around plumbing and other utility installations. 32 fl oz covers 125 sq ft.

For ants[§], apply to ant trails, around doors and windows and wherever else ants may find entrance. Pharaoh ants and fire ants must be directly sprayed from a distance of 8-12 inches. §Argentine, southern, field, Allegheny mound, Florida carpenter, black carpenter, cornfield, honey, payement, nuisance, harvester, fire, pharaoh

To kill fleas and ticks, thoroughly treat non-porous surfaces of pet resting quarters; along and behind baseboards, window and door frames; localized areas of floor and floor covering; and nearby cracks and crevices where fleas and ticks may be present. Pet bedding should be replaced with clean, fresh bedding after treating the area. Fleas and ticks must be sprayed directly to be killed. *Do not treat pets with this product.* To control the source of flea infestations, pets should be treated with a product registered for application to animals.

Note: Test inconspicuous sample of flooring or other indoor surfaces for staining before use. OUTDOORS

To kill box elder bugs, centipedes, millipedes, pillbugs, sowbugs, scorpions, spiders, houseflies and other non-biting flies, Asian beetles, Japanese beetles, stink bugs, spider mites and mosquitoes: Spray insects directly from a distance of 8-12 inches. For use only as an aid in reducing annoyance from these insects. Apply to cracks and crevices in and around doors, window frames, light fixtures, porches, in garages and other places where insects may enter the structure.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION. Harmful if swallowed. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

First Aid

If Swallowed:

- Call a Poison Control Center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- . Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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Questions & Comments? Call 1-800-917-5438 or visit our website at www.spectracide.com

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